IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 1, 4, 11-17, 19, and 20 as follows:

- (Currently Amended) A spacer discharging apparatus of an FED (field emission display), comprising:
- a discharge path for connecting resistor connected between an anode electrode and a spacer ground electrode of an FED; and
- a switch unit for selectively connecting the discharge-path the resistor to the anode electrode or to the spacer ground electrode in order to discharge electric charge charged in a spacer of the FED, during a blanking time period.
- (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the switch unit is connected in series between the anode electrode and the spacer ground electrode and selectively turned on/off.
- 3. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the switch unit applies a pulse control signal in synchronization with a vertical synchronous signal to the anode electrode during an interval where a voltage applied to the anode electrode is cut off.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the switch unit applies a pulse control signal in synchronization with a vertical synchronous signal to the anode electrode during [[a]] the blanking time period.
- 5. (Original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the blanking time period indicates time during which no image is displayed on a screen of the FED or a pulse duration of the vertical synchronous signal (V sync).
- (Original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the pulse control signal is repeatedly applied at certain period intervals on the basis of the vertical synchronous signal.

- (Original) The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the certain period is determined depending on a discharge state or a noise state of the FED.
 - 8. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the switch unit comprises:

a switch for selectively connecting the anode electrode and the spacer ground electrode:

a buffer and inverter signal unit for outputting a control signal to control the switch: and

a transistor for outputting a driving current to drive the switch upon receiving a control signal from the buffer and inverter signal unit.

- (Original) The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the switch is one of a high voltage relay, a high voltage switch and thyrister.
- 10. (Original) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the switch is turned on when a current flows to the transistor, and turned off when no current flows to the transistor.
- 11. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising: a protection resister resistor connected between the anode electrode and a high voltage power source unit applying a high voltage to the anode electrode.
- 12. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the protection resister <u>resistor</u> has a resistance value of a few K ~ scores of M[ohm].
- 13. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 11, further-comprising: wherein the a-discharge-controlling resister for-controlling resistor controls discharge time and a residual voltage.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 43 1, wherein the discharge controlling resister the switch unit is connected between the switch unit resistor and the spacer-ground anode electrode.

- 15. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 43 1, wherein the discharge centrolling resister switch unit is connected between the switch-unit resistor and the anode spacer ground electrode.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A spacer discharging method of an FED (field emission display) comprising:

forming a discharge path connecting an anode electrode and a spacer ground electrode of an FED; and

selectively connecting the formed discharge path a resistor to an anode electrode of the FED or to a spacer ground electrode of the FED to discharge electric charge charged in a spacer of the FED, during a blanking time period.

wherein the resistor is connected between the anode electrode and the spacer ground electrode.

- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein in order to discharge electric charge from the spacer, a pulse control signal in synchronization with a vertical synchronous signal is applied to the anode electrode during [[a]] the blanking time period.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the pulse control signal is repeatedly applied at certain period intervals according to a discharge state or a noise state of the EED.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein in order to form the discharge path, a protection resister <u>resistor</u> is connected between the anode electrode and a high voltage power source unit for applying a high voltage to the anode electrode.
- 20. (Currently Amended))The method of claim 19, wherein in order to form the discharge path, a discharge controlling resister for controlling the resistor controls discharge time and a residual voltage is additionally connected between the anode electrode and the spacer ground electrode.